

Type EA-1 Protectospray® Directional Spray Nozzles, Automatic, Medium Velocity

General Description

The Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles are automatic (frangible bulb) directional spray nozzles and they are designed for use in water spray fixed systems for fire protection applications. They are external deflector type nozzles that discharge a uniformly filled cone of medium velocity water droplets.

The EA-1 Nozzles are effective in covering exposed vertical, horizontal, curved, and irregular shaped surfaces in a cooling spray to prevent excessive absorption of heat from an external fire and possible structural damage or spread of fire to the protected equipment; however, use of an automatic nozzle requires consideration of the response time of the thermal element.

The EA-1 Nozzles are also especially effective for area coverage and are sometimes used in lieu of standard sprinklers where directional spray is considered more appropriate. In some applications, depending on water design density requirements, the Type EA-1 Nozzles are also used for fire control or extinguishment.

The Type EA-1 Nozzles are available in three orifice sizes and a wide variety of spray angles (included angle of discharge), as well as temperature rat-

ings, to provide versatility in system design.

It is recommended that the end user be consulted with respect to the suitability of the materials of construction and finish for any given corrosive environment. The effects of ambient temperature, concentration of chemicals, and gas/chemical velocity, should be considered, at a minimum, along with the corrosive nature to which the sprinklers may be exposed.

The Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzle is a redesignation for the Gem Type EA-1.

WARNINGS

*The Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles described herein must be installed and maintained in compliance with this document, as well as with the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association, in addition to the standards of any other authorities having jurisdiction. **Failure to do so may impair the performance of these devices.***

The design of individual water spray fixed systems can vary considerably, depending on the characteristics and nature of the hazard, the basic purpose of the spraying system, the configuration of the hazard, and wind/draft conditions. Because of these variations as well as the wide range of available nozzle spray characteristics, the design of water spray fixed systems for fire protection must only be performed by experienced designers who thoroughly understand the limitations as well as capabilities of such systems.

The owner is responsible for maintaining their fire protection system and devices in proper operating condition. The installing contractor or sprinkler manufacturer should be contacted with any questions.



IMPORTANT

Always refer to Technical Data Sheet TFP700 for the "INSTALLER WARNING" that provides cautions with respect to handling and installation of sprinkler systems and components. Improper handling and installation can permanently damage a sprinkler system or its components and cause the nozzle to fail to operate in a fire situation or cause it to operate prematurely.

Components:

- 1 - Frame
- 2 - Deflector
- 3 - Upper Bulb Seat
- 4 - Lower Bulb Seat
- 5 - Pin
- 6 - Button
- 7 - Spacer
- 8 - Spring Plates
- 9 - Lower Bulb Gasket
- 10- Gasket
- 11- Bulb
- 12- Bushing (1/4" & 3/8" orifice only)

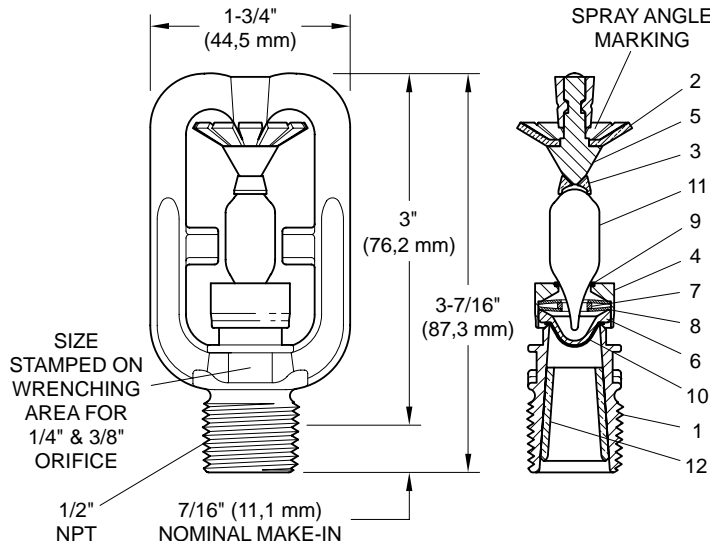


FIGURE 1
TYPE EA-1 PROTECTOSPRAY NOZZLES
NOMINAL DIMENSIONS

| TEMPERATURE RATING | FRAME COLOR CODE | BULB LIQUID COLOR CODE |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 135°F/57°C | Unpainted | Orange |
| 175°F/79°C | White | Yellow |
| 250°F/121°C | Blue | Blue |
| 325°F/163°C | Red | Mauve |
| 400°F/204°C | Green | Black |
| 500°F/343°C | Orange | Black |

TABLE C
SELECTION OF
TEMPERATURE RATINGS

| FINISH & MATERIAL | TEMPERATURE RATINGS |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Natural Finish Bronze | All Ratings |
| Chrome Plated Bronze | All Ratings |
| Lead Coated Bronze | 135°F/57°C 175°F/79°C |
| Corroproof Wax Coated Bronze | 135°F/57°C 175°F/79°C |

TABLE D
SELECTION OF
FINISH AND MATERIALS

| ORIFICE SIZE | MINIMUM DIAMETER | K-FACTOR | |
|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | | NFPA (GPM ÷ √psi) | ISO/SI (LPM ÷ √bar) |
| 1/4" | 0.220" (5,59 mm) | 1.4 | 20,2 |
| 3/8" | 0.312" (7,92 mm) | 2.8 | 40,3 |
| 1/2" | 0.435" (11,05 mm) | 5.6 | 80,6 |

TABLE A
SELECTION OF ORIFICE SIZES

| | |
|------|------|
| 65° | 125° |
| 80° | 140° |
| 95° | 160° |
| 110° | 180° |

TABLE B
SELECTION OF SPRAY ANGLES

Technical Data

Approvals

UL and C-UL Listed.
FM Approved.

Maximum Working Pressure

175 psi (12,1 bar).
Also refer to Figure 2, Note 2.

Discharge Coefficient

Refer to Table A.

Spray Angles

Refer to Table B.

Temperature Rating

Refer to Table C.

Finish and Material

Refer to Table D.

Thread Connection

1/2 inch NPT.

Physical Characteristics

Frame Bronze
 Bushing (K=1.4 & K=2.8) . . . Brass
 Deflector Bronze
 Pin Brass
 Bulb (11mm dia.) Glass
 Bulb Seats Bronze
 Spacer Bronze
 Button Bronze
 Spring Plates Inconel
 Gaskets Copper

Operation

The glass bulb contains a fluid that expands when exposed to heat. When the rated temperature is reached, the fluid expands sufficiently to shatter the glass bulb, allowing the nozzle to activate and water to flow.

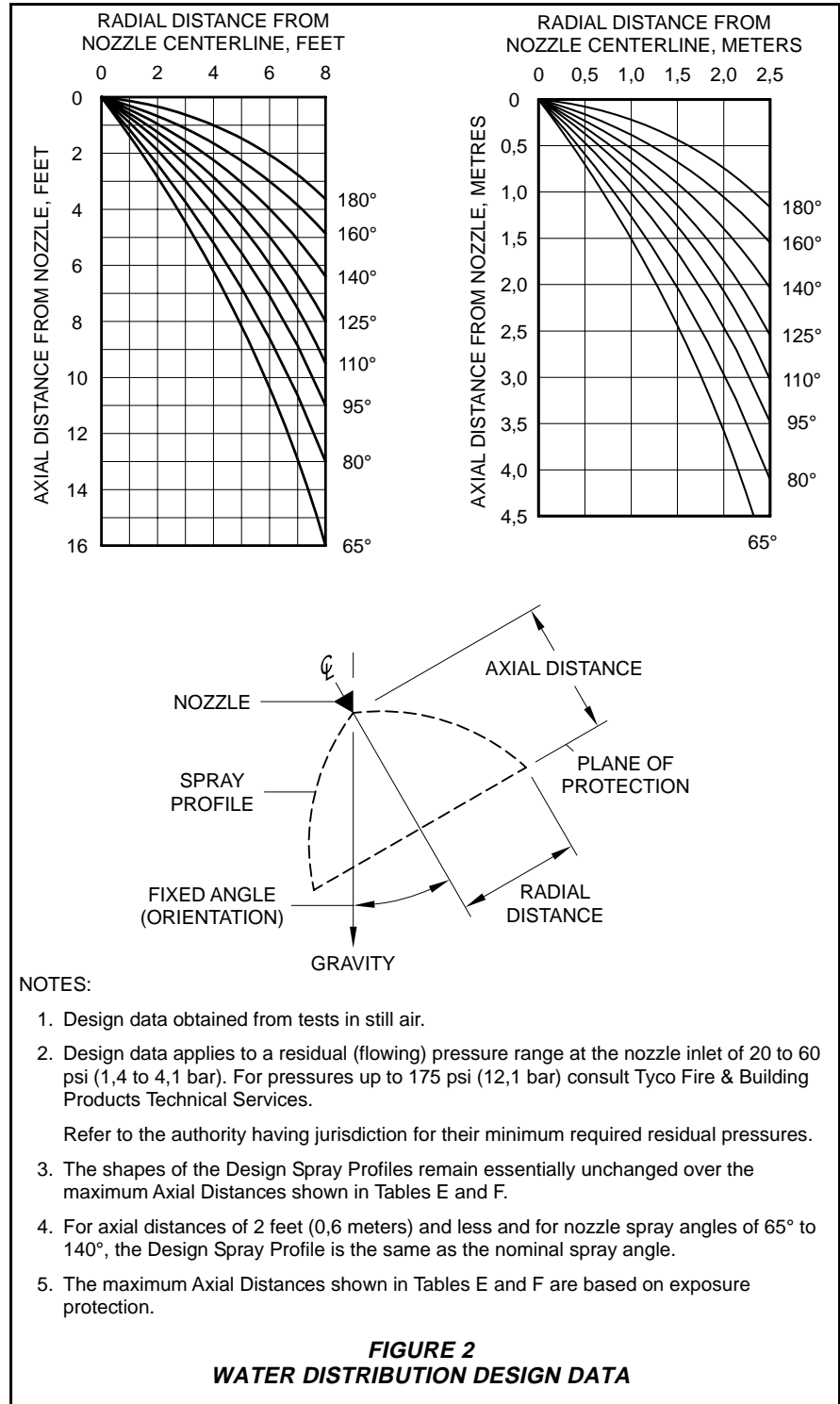
Design Criteria

Nozzle Placement. Where direct impingement of water spray onto all of the protected surface is required by the Authority having Jurisdiction, the nozzles are to be spaced and directed so that their spray patterns will completely cover the plane-of-protection with the minimum required average density; however, it is recommended that indoor nozzle spacing be 12 feet (3,7 m) or less and that outdoor nozzle spacing be 10 feet (3,0 m) or less. Where rundown or slippage is planned, e.g., exposure protection of vessels per NFPA 15, the above recommended indoor and outdoor spacings also apply.

When used for protecting the surfaces of a vessel, for example, the nozzles are positioned normal to and approximately 2 feet (0,6 m) from the surface. This approach, in conjunction with a properly selected spray angle, will tend to make more effective use of the spray as well as help minimize the disturbance effects of wind/draft conditions on the water spray patterns.

Spray Patterns. The Design Spray Profiles for the nozzle spray angles of 65 to 180 degrees are shown in Figure 2 and apply to discharge pressures of 20 to 60 psi (1,4 to 4,1 bar). Discharge pressures in excess of 60 psi (4,1 bar) will result in a decrease in coverage area since the spray patterns tend to draw inwards at higher pressures. Refer inquiries on higher discharge pressures to the Technical Services Department. The maximum axial distances between the nozzle tip and plane-of-protection, for exposure protection, are given in Table E and F. When the axial distance from the nozzle tip to the plane-of-protection is 3 feet (0,6 m) or less, the Design Spray Profile is the same as the nominal spray angles of 65 thru 140 degrees.

Heat Sensitivity. Since the Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles are automatic nozzles, they must be located with consideration of their ability to detect abnormal temperature increases due to fire. Therefore, it is recommended that NFPA 13 be reviewed with respect



to the rules that define the permitted distance below ceilings and the spacing limitations for standard coverage automatic sprinklers as a function of occupancy hazard.

Main Pipeline Strainers. Main pipeline strainers per NFPA 15 are required for systems utilizing nozzles with a flow path less than 3/8 inch (9,5

mm) diameter, i.e., K=1.4 and K=2.8 (Ref. Table A), and for any system where the water is likely to contain obstructive material.

| MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 65° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 80° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 95° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 110° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|
| FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | |
| | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | |
| 0° | 11-9 | 14-0 | 15-0 | | 0° | 10-0 | 13-0 | 14-0 | | 0° | 7-0 | 10-9 | 12-3 | | 0° | 6-0 | 10-0 | 11-0 | |
| 30° | 10-0 | 12-3 | 13-0 | | 30° | 8-3 | 11-3 | 11-6 | | 30° | 6-3 | 10-0 | 10-6 | | 30° | 5-6 | 8-9 | 9-9 | |
| 45° | 9-0 | 11-3 | 12-3 | | 45° | 7-3 | 10-6 | 10-9 | | 45° | 6-0 | 9-6 | 9-6 | | 45° | 5-3 | 8-3 | 8-9 | |
| 60° | 8-6 | 10-6 | 11-9 | | 60° | 6-9 | 9-9 | 10-3 | | 60° | 5-9 | 9-0 | 9-0 | | 60° | 5-0 | 7-6 | 8-3 | |
| 90° | 7-6 | 10-0 | 10-9 | | 90° | 6-0 | 8-9 | 9-6 | | 90° | 5-0 | 7-9 | 8-6 | | 90° | 4-6 | 6-6 | 7-9 | |
| 120° | 6-3 | 7-6 | 8-9 | | 120° | 5-3 | 6-3 | 7-6 | | 120° | 4-0 | 5-3 | 6-3 | | 120° | 3-6 | 4-3 | 5-6 | |
| 135° | 5-9 | 6-3 | 7-9 | | 135° | 4-9 | 5-3 | 6-6 | | 135° | 3-6 | 4-3 | 5-3 | | 135° | 3-0 | 3-6 | 4-6 | |
| 150° | 5-3 | 5-6 | 7-0 | | 150° | 4-3 | 4-6 | 5-6 | | 150° | 3-3 | 3-9 | 4-6 | | 150° | 2-9 | 3-0 | 3-9 | |
| 180° | 4-9 | 5-0 | 6-3 | | 180° | 3-9 | 4-3 | 5-0 | | 180° | 3-0 | 3-3 | 4-0 | | 180° | 2-6 | 2-9 | 3-6 | |

| MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 125° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 140° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 160° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 180° SPRAY ANGLE IN FEET AND INCHES | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|--|
| FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | |
| | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | |
| 0° | 4-6 | 7-3 | 10-0 | | 0° | 4-0 | 6-0 | 9-3 | | 0° | 3-6 | 5-0 | 7-0 | | 0° | 3-0 | 3-9 | 6-0 | |
| 30° | 4-3 | 6-9 | 8-3 | | 30° | 3-6 | 5-9 | 7-0 | | 30° | 3-3 | 4-9 | 5-6 | | 30° | 2-9 | 3-6 | 5-0 | |
| 45° | 3-9 | 6-3 | 7-3 | | 45° | 3-3 | 5-3 | 6-3 | | 45° | 2-9 | 4-3 | 4-9 | | 45° | 2-6 | 3-0 | 4-3 | |
| 60° | 3-3 | 5-6 | 6-6 | | 60° | 2-9 | 4-9 | 5-6 | | 60° | 1-9 | 3-9 | 4-6 | | 60° | 2-3 | 2-9 | 3-9 | |
| 90° | 2-6 | 5-0 | 5-9 | | 90° | 2-0 | 4-0 | 4-9 | | 90° | 1-6 | 3-3 | 3-6 | | 90° | 1-3 | 1-9 | 3-0 | |
| 120° | 2-3 | 3-3 | 4-0 | | 120° | 1-9 | 2-3 | 3-3 | | 120° | 1-3 | 1-9 | 3-0 | | 120° | 0-9 | 1-0 | 2-6 | |
| 135° | 2-0 | 2-6 | 3-6 | | 135° | 1-6 | 1-6 | 2-6 | | 135° | 1-0 | 1-3 | 2-6 | | 135° | 0-6 | 0-9 | 2-3 | |
| 150° | 1-9 | 2-0 | 3-0 | | 150° | 1-6 | 1-3 | 2-3 | | 150° | 1-0 | 1-0 | 1-6 | | 150° | 0-6 | 0-6 | 1-0 | |
| 180° | 1-9 | 1-9 | 2-6 | | 180° | 1-3 | 1-3 | 1-9 | | 180° | 1-0 | 0-9 | 1-3 | | 180° | 0-6 | 0-6 | 0-9 | |

TABLE E
MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE BETWEEN
NOZZLE TIP AND PLANE-OF-PROTECTION FOR EXPOSURE PROTECTION
— FEET AND INCHES —

Installation

Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles must be installed in accordance with the following instructions:

NOTES

Do not install an EA-1 Nozzle if the bulb is cracked or there is a loss of liquid from the bulb. With the sprinkler held horizontally, a small air bubble should be present. The diameter of the air bubble is approximately 3/32 inch (2,4 mm) for the 135°F/57°C to 1/4 inch (6,4 mm) for the 500°F/343°C temperature ratings.

A leak tight 1/2 inch NPT nozzle joint should be obtained with a torque of 7 to 14 ft.lbs. (9,5 to 19,0 Nm). A maximum of 21 ft. lbs. (28,5 Nm) of torque may be used to install nozzles with 1/2 NPT connections. Higher levels of torque may distort the nozzle inlet and cause leakage or impairment of the nozzle.

Step 1. With pipe thread sealant applied to the pipe threads, hand tighten the nozzle into the nozzle fitting.

Step 2. Tighten the nozzle into the nozzle fitting using only the W-Type 11 Sprinkler Wrench (Ref. Figure 3), except that an 8 or 10 inch adjustable crescent wrench is to be used for wax coated nozzles. With reference to Figure 1 the W-Type 11 Sprinkler Wrench or the adjustable crescent wrench, as applicable is to be applied to the wrenching area.

When installing wax coated nozzles with the adjustable crescent wrench, additional care needs to be exercised to prevent damage to the wax coating on the nozzle wrenching area or frame arms and, consequently, exposure of bare metal to the corrosive environment. The jaws of the wrench should be opened sufficiently wide to pass over the wrenching area without damaging the wax coating. Before wrench tightening the nozzle, the jaws of the wrench are to be adjusted to just contact the nozzle wrenching area. After wrench tightening the nozzle, loosen the wrench jaws before removing the wrench.

After installation, the nozzle wrenching

area and frame arms must be inspected and the wax coating retouched (repaired) whenever the coating has been damaged and bare metal is exposed. The wax coating on the wrenching area can be retouched by gently applying a heated 1/8 inch diameter steel rod to the areas of wax that have been damaged, to smooth it back over areas where bare metal is exposed.

NOTES

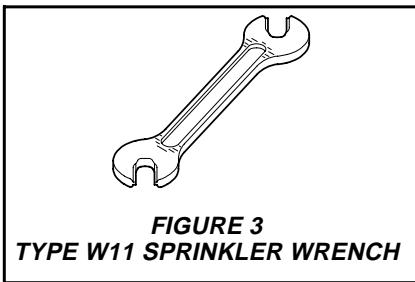
Only retouching of the wax coating applied to the wrenching area and frame arms is permitted, and the retouching is to be performed only at the time of the initial nozzle installation.

The steel rod should be heated only to the point at which it can begin to melt the wax, and appropriate precautions need to be taken, when handling the heated rod, in order to prevent the installer from being burned.

| MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 65° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 80° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 95° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 110° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|
| FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | |
| | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" |
| 0° | 3,6 | 4,3 | 4,6 | 0° | 3,0 | 4,0 | 4,3 | 0° | 2,7 | 3,3 | 3,7 | 0° | 1,8 | 3,0 | 3,4 |
| 30° | 3,0 | 3,7 | 4,0 | 30° | 2,5 | 3,4 | 3,5 | 30° | 1,9 | 3,0 | 3,2 | 30° | 1,7 | 2,7 | 3,0 |
| 45° | 2,7 | 3,4 | 3,7 | 45° | 2,2 | 3,2 | 3,3 | 45° | 1,8 | 2,9 | 2,9 | 45° | 1,6 | 2,5 | 2,7 |
| 60° | 2,6 | 3,2 | 3,6 | 60° | 2,1 | 3,0 | 3,1 | 60° | 1,8 | 2,7 | 2,7 | 60° | 1,5 | 2,3 | 2,5 |
| 90° | 2,3 | 3,0 | 3,3 | 90° | 1,8 | 2,7 | 2,9 | 90° | 1,5 | 2,4 | 2,6 | 90° | 1,4 | 2,0 | 2,4 |
| 120° | 1,9 | 2,3 | 2,7 | 120° | 1,6 | 1,9 | 2,3 | 120° | 1,2 | 1,6 | 1,9 | 120° | 1,1 | 1,3 | 1,7 |
| 135° | 1,8 | 1,9 | 2,4 | 135° | 1,4 | 1,6 | 2,0 | 135° | 1,1 | 1,3 | 1,6 | 135° | 0,9 | 1,1 | 1,4 |
| 150° | 1,6 | 1,7 | 2,1 | 150° | 1,3 | 1,4 | 1,7 | 150° | 1,0 | 1,1 | 1,4 | 150° | 0,8 | 0,9 | 1,1 |
| 180° | 1,4 | 1,5 | 1,9 | 180° | 1,1 | 1,3 | 1,5 | 180° | 0,9 | 1,0 | 1,2 | 180° | 0,8 | 0,8 | 1,1 |

| MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 125° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 140° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 160° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | | MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE FOR 180° SPRAY ANGLE IN METERS | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|
| FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | | FIXED ANGLE | ORIFICE SIZE | | |
| | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" | | 1/4" | 3/8" | 1/2" |
| 0° | 1,4 | 2,2 | 3,0 | 0° | 1,2 | 1,8 | 2,8 | 0° | 1,1 | 1,5 | 2,1 | 0° | 0,9 | 1,1 | 1,8 |
| 30° | 1,3 | 2,1 | 2,5 | 30° | 1,1 | 1,8 | 2,1 | 30° | 1,0 | 1,4 | 1,7 | 30° | 0,8 | 1,1 | 1,5 |
| 45° | 1,1 | 1,9 | 2,2 | 45° | 1,0 | 1,6 | 1,9 | 45° | 0,8 | 1,3 | 1,4 | 45° | 0,8 | 0,9 | 1,3 |
| 60° | 1,0 | 1,7 | 2,0 | 60° | 0,8 | 1,4 | 1,7 | 60° | 0,5 | 1,1 | 1,4 | 60° | 0,7 | 0,8 | 1,1 |
| 90° | 0,8 | 1,5 | 1,8 | 90° | 0,6 | 1,2 | 1,4 | 90° | 0,5 | 1,0 | 1,1 | 90° | 0,4 | 0,5 | 0,9 |
| 120° | 0,7 | 1,0 | 1,2 | 120° | 0,5 | 0,7 | 1,0 | 120° | 0,4 | 0,5 | 0,9 | 120° | 0,2 | 0,3 | 0,8 |
| 135° | 0,6 | 0,8 | 1,1 | 135° | 0,5 | 0,5 | 0,8 | 135° | 0,3 | 0,4 | 0,8 | 135° | 0,2 | 0,2 | 0,7 |
| 150° | 0,5 | 0,6 | 0,9 | 150° | 0,5 | 0,4 | 0,7 | 150° | 0,3 | 0,3 | 0,5 | 150° | 0,2 | 0,2 | 0,3 |
| 180° | 0,5 | 0,5 | 0,8 | 180° | 0,4 | 0,4 | 0,5 | 180° | 0,2 | 0,3 | 0,4 | 180° | 0,2 | 0,2 | 0,2 |

TABLE F
MAXIMUM AXIAL DISTANCE BETWEEN
NOZZLE TIP AND PLANE-OF-PROTECTION FOR EXPOSURE PROTECTION
— METERS —



Care and Maintenance

The Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles must be maintained and serviced in accordance with the following instructions:

NOTE

Before closing a fire protection system main control valve for maintenance work on the fire protection system that it controls, permission to shut down the affected fire protection system must be obtained from the proper authorities and all personnel who may be affected by this action must be notified.

Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles must never be painted, plated, coated or altered in any way after leaving the factory; otherwise, the spray performance and heat sensitivity may be impaired.

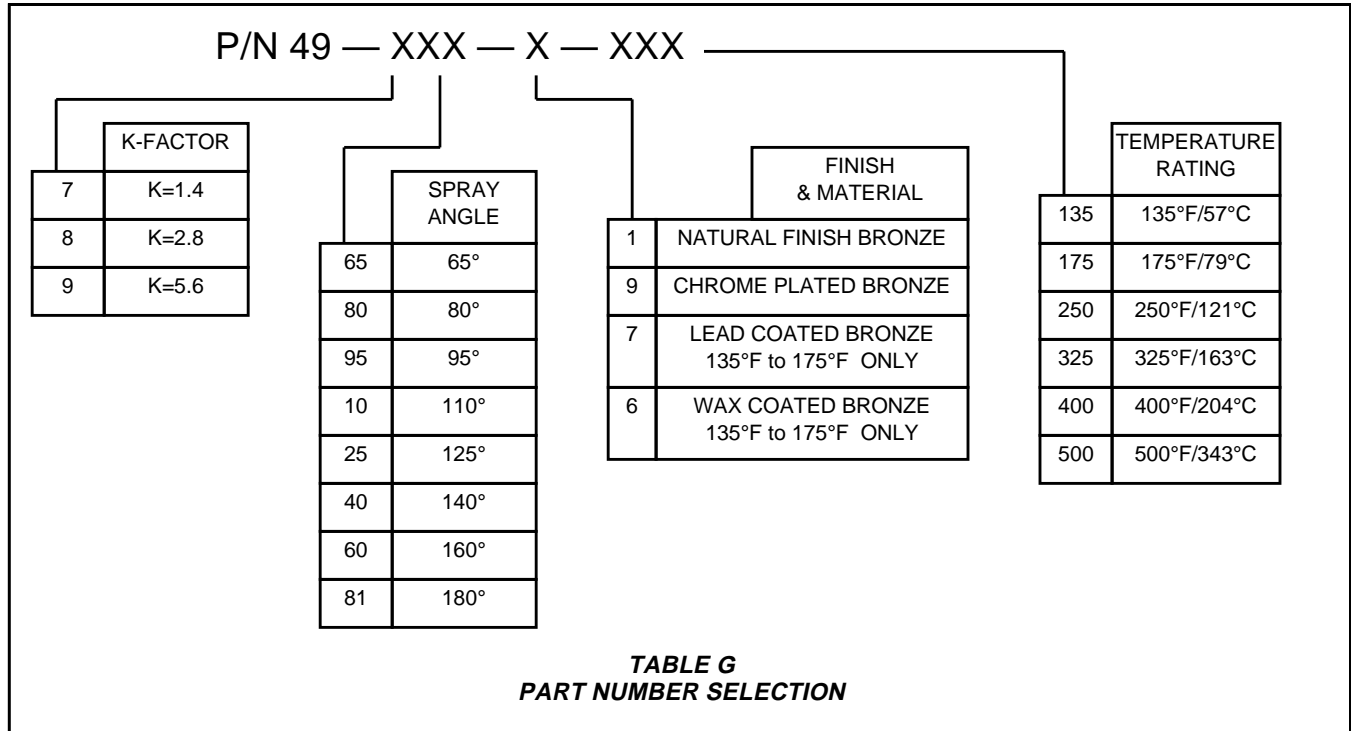
Care must be exercised to avoid damage to the nozzles - before, during, and after installation. Nozzles damaged by dropping, striking, wrench twist/slip-

page, or the like, must be replaced.

Frequent visual inspections are recommended to be initially performed for nozzles installed in potentially corrosive atmospheres to verify the integrity of the materials of construction and finish as they may be affected by the corrosive conditions present for a given installation. Thereafter, annual inspections per NFPA 25 are required.

The owner is responsible for the inspection, testing, and maintenance of their fire protection system and devices in compliance with this document, as well as with the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association (e.g., NFPA 25), in addition to the standards of any other authorities having jurisdiction. The installing contractor or sprinkler manufacturer should be contacted relative to any questions.

It is recommended that water spray fixed systems be inspected, tested, and maintained by a qualified Inspection Service in accordance with local requirements and/or national codes.



Limited Warranty

Products manufactured by Tyco Fire & Building Products (TFBP) are warranted solely to the original Buyer for ten (10) years against defects in material and workmanship when paid for and properly installed and maintained under normal use and service. This warranty will expire ten (10) years from date of shipment by TFBP. No warranty is given for products or components manufactured by companies not affiliated by ownership with TFBP or for products and components which have been subject to misuse, improper installation, corrosion, or which have not been installed, maintained, modified or repaired in accordance with applicable Standards of the National Fire Protection Association, and/or the standards of any other Authorities Having Jurisdiction. Materials found by TFBP to be defective shall be either repaired or replaced, at TFBP's sole option. TFBP neither assumes, nor authorizes any person to assume for it, any other obligation in connection with the sale of products or parts of products. TFBP shall not be responsible for sprinkler system design errors or inaccurate or incomplete information supplied by Buyer or Buyer's representatives.

In no event shall TFBP be liable, in contract, tort, strict liability or under any other legal theory, for incidental,

indirect, special or consequential damages, including but not limited to labor charges, regardless of whether TFBP was informed about the possibility of such damages, and in no event shall TFBP's liability exceed an amount equal to the sales price.

The foregoing warranty is made in lieu of any and all other warranties, express or implied, including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

This limited warranty sets forth the exclusive remedy for claims based on failure of or defect in products, materials or components, whether the claim is made in contract, tort, strict liability or any other legal theory.

This warranty will apply to the full extent permitted by law. The invalidity, in whole or part, of any portion of this warranty will not affect the remainder.

Ordering Procedure

When placing an order, indicate the full product name and P/N.

Contact your local distributor for availability.

EA-1 Protectospray Nozzles:

Specify: (1.4, 2.8, or 5.6) K-factor orifice, (specify temperature rating), Type EA-1 Protectospray Nozzle with (specify finish/coating and material) with (specify number) degree spray angle, P/N (specify from table G).

Sprinkler Wrench:

Specify: Type W11 Sprinkler Wrench, P/N 56-452-1-001.